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25X1 Popular Attitude Toward Regime

- 25X1 1. The majority of Poles are still antagonistic toward their present regime and
25X1 the "bloc parties." Antagonism is particularly strong against the PPR whose
members are regarded as having sold out to the USSR or having sought PPR membership
merely to gain food, jobs, and personal security. PPR members do not have the
ideological sincerity to command the people's confidence.

Government Action Against Community Opposition

2. The regime employs the following methods in fighting against community resistance:
- (a) The UB institutes political trials, using them to undermine the community's faith in Underground leadership and conspiratorial work by demonstrating the futility of resistance. The trials are publicized by the press and the radio.
 - (b) The PPR, under the guise of combating speculators, is seeking to destroy all private trade and initiative.
 - (c) Persons caught discussing current problems or conditions are arrested, convicted by military courts, and sentenced to prison terms of from five to ten years.

Undermining of the Underground

3. Although these Governmental efforts to frighten communities have not been completely successful, they have served to weaken popular support of the Underground. Polish people are openly criticizing the Underground, claiming that its work is useless and merely brings destruction on its own best elements. Underground leaders are accused of "playing on patriotism for dollars" and of furthering their own ambitions. Poles of every class are asserting that "We can do nothing alone. The Anglo-Saxons either cannot or will not help us, and have allowed us to become Russia's loot."

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5. Another factor tending to discourage the Underground is the notorious leniency of the UB toward PPR criminality. An example of this leniency was supplied recently in Proclaw when Wachniewski, an engineer at the silk factory there, misappropriated five million zlotys. Wachniewski, a PPR member, had previously been "dropped" from the majority of Proclaw for a similar misappropriation. Although both of Wachniewski's offenses were known to the UB, the Ministry of Industry and Trade, and the Social Commission, no UB action was taken on the second offense. The case ended in a "conversation with the manager."

UB Activity Against the Opposition

6. UB reprisals against the Opposition are being intensified, with arrests during Jul and Aug 47 reaching proportions reminiscent of pre-election days.
7. The UB's chief target is the PSL. In the Tarnobrzeg District, for example, the entire local management of PSL was arrested. The prisoners were charged with fictitious crimes and were threatened with long prison terms and deportation if they did not forsake the PSL.
8. All UB provincial offices have received specific orders to dismiss employees who belong to the PSL. Resultant dismissals have been particularly numerous in the provinces of Bygoszcz, Bialystok, Warsaw, Lodz, Kielce, Lublin, and Krakow.
9. The UB has concentrated its attention on villages where the majority of the people belong to the PSL. Every day members are summoned to UB headquarters where they are threatened and beaten to obtain "confessions."
10. The UB has not only become more efficient than formerly, but has increased the number of its agents. Since 1 Jul 47, special sums of from five to fifteen million zlotys per month have been allotted to provincial UB branches for the expansion of their confidential services. Five thousand additional agents have been hired - all PPR members. These agents are to establish contacts or spies among such workers as waitresses, secretaries, artists and typists in various phases of industry. Each agent is assigned a minimum quota of 30 contacts, with special emphasis placed on the enlistment of women. In enlisting contacts at any designated institution, a UB agent first secures a roster of the institution's employees. He then determines from a study of the roster which employee is so advantageously placed as to be the best potential contact. The "chosen" contact is subsequently approached with promises of easy money. If these offers are inadequate intimidation is used.
11. Underground information from the field refutes reports that the UB is using more humane methods than formerly in conducting its investigations. The Underground has proof that the UB, in trying to throttle all opposition, continues to employ such tortures as:
 - (a) Pouring water down prisoners' noses.
 - (b) Leaving suspects in water up to their waists for periods of several days.
 - (c) Using red-hot irons.
 - (d) Keeping suspects' eyes open for days and nights at a time.
12. The UB resorts to these "direct methods" in stifling determined resistance but employs a more subtle method in dealing with those who have already "lost faith in better days." These weaker elements are courted with promises of better jobs and more money. Promises of this sort can be convincing because it is well-known that only PPR members are being employed in the Government and the UB. The UB will not even hire members of the SL.

The Judiciary

13. Poland's judiciary system has no independence whatever. It is controlled completely by the Government.

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All courts were recently ordered to increase the severity of their sentences. Capital punishment was made mandatory in all convictions of espionage and betrayal of secrets, including betrayal of PFR secrets.

14. During 1946 the Warsaw courts alone tried approximately 20 thousand criminal cases. During the same period they handled only 3,698 civil cases of which 2,464 were divorces.
15. Polish prisons are unprecedentedly crowded. In Warsaw's Mokotow prison, for example, a cell built to accommodate 12 prisoners now holds 42. A female prison in Pordon, intended for three thousand inmates, is housing seven thousand.

Deportation as a Political Weapon

16. Population transfers can no longer be classified as "economic transfers" in connection with the Recovered Territories. They have become terroristic political weapons with which the PFR can effect deportation of PSL members, non-partisans, and political suspects.
17. The cruel technique used in "transfers" is illustrated by the following cases:
 - (a) Deportees from Jaroslaw, Przemyel, and Lubaczow districts were held in a concentration camp at Przeworsk without shelter of any sort. They frequently had to live more than three weeks in the most "sordid hygienic and food conditions."
 - (b) Since Apr 47, entire populations of villages in Rzeszow Province have been transported to Szczecin Province by cattle train. Transfers were effected as a result of secret orders to the UB, MO, and Army. Villages were first surrounded by the KWB (provincial branch of the UB), and military units. Transferees were then notified to report to a collecting point within two hours, bringing with them any personal property they could either carry or load on a horse cart provided they possessed one. Convoys were strictly guarded and proceeded under the worst possible conditions. Transferees were divided by the UB into three categories: (1) those suspected of Underground activity, (2) those suspected of having aided partisans, and (3) partisan sympathizers.
18. In Lublin Province the inhabitants of Wlodawa, Dubienka, Krubieszow, Belz, Uchnow, and Rawa Ruska have already been transferred, while those of Chelm are in the process of being moved. Railroad workers were the first to be taken from Chelm.
19. The Lublin transfers were effected under the guise of repatriating the West. Local Poles, however, believe that Soviet authorities intend to deport all Poles as far as the San River.

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